

THE WORLD

adds to its regular daily features every morning one which will still further strengthen its position as the

LEADING HOME NEWSPAPER OF THE COUNTRY.

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK
THE WORLD is going to do vote
AN ENTIRE PAGE

TO THE
WOMEN WHO READ
"THE WORLD,"

and it is intended to be a page that cannot fail to instruct, amuse and entertain them.

It Will Be of the Highest Grade of Literary Excellence

A corps of regular contributors has been selected from the

BRIGHTEST WOMEN WRITERS IN AMERICA.

Particular effort will be made to present each day diversified and entertaining reading matter.

EVERYTHING PERTAINING

TO HOME LIFE

AND TO

WOMAN'S WORK

both in and out of doors will be dealt with.

There will be Entertaining Articles on

The Latest Fashions,

Home Decorations,

Physical Culture,

The Care of Children,

and on every possible subject that relates

TO WOMEN AND THEIR HOMES.

LET SUMMER

RESORT

NEWS.

Hundreds of thousands of Americans are going from the stifling atmosphere of the crowded cities to the balmy air of

MOUNTAIN AND SEASHORE.

The principal resorts are alive with people who are seeking health and rest. For these people and for their friends and acquaintances whom fate compels to stay at home, The World has added to its features

A PAGE OF SUMMER RESORT CHAT

that is meant to be the most attractive and entertaining page of its kind that has ever been printed in any American newspaper. Special correspondents, including writers well known in the literary and social world, have been stationed at the various resorts, and their letters

ARE BRIGHT, LIVELY AND SPICY.

The World will print daily

AT LEAST ONE ENTIRE PAGE OF

SUMMER RESORT NEWS,

TOGETHER WITH

ATTRACTIVE ILLUSTRATIONS.

FATHER OF PEOLERS DEAD.

Aged John Damm's Skull Fractured by a Fall.

Coroner Lindsay, of Brooklyn, was notified this morning that John Damm, aged seventy-two, known as the father of peolers in Williamsburg, had met death under peculiar circumstances.

Damm was delivering a load of brick at the corner of Third street and Irving avenue at 6.30 o'clock last evening and was driving his team up to the curb. Suddenly he toppled from his seat, striking on his head. When picked up he was dead. He was taken to his home, 144 Scholles street.

Coroner Lindsay said today that Damm's death was due to a fractured skull.

Damm was, up to a few months ago, known as a peoller in Williamsburg. He had been engaged in peolling business for many years.

Joseph Schiller, aged sixty-eight, when near the corner of Third street and Irving avenue, fell from a load of brick and received severe scalp wounds. He was taken to St. Catherine's hospital.

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HAMILTON CLAIMS AN ALIBI.

His Evidence on His Trial for Murdering His Wife.

Asserts that He Was Not in Winfield the Night She Was Killed.

Special to the Evening World.

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District Attorney Fleming reached his case for the prosecution Lawyer Trapp opened for the defense. He said he would prove that Hamilton was not in Winfield, the scene of the murder, that night, but was in Flushing.

Lawyer Trapp called Mrs. Ketcham and Lawrence Mitchell, both of Flushing, as witnesses for the defense, but they were not in court, and Justice Cullen issued attachments for those persons to be brought to the court-house.

Hamilton was then called to the witness stand. Before coming from his cell he had carefully arranged his hair, but for the last eight months he had been employed as a laborer in the Long Island Railroad between Little Neck and Astor Place.

His lawyer told him to describe his movements the night his wife was murdered. He testified that during that day he spent much of the time in bed at his boarding-house, and in the afternoon went to the house of his friend, Ketcham, in Flushing, where he remained until about 4.45. He then went back to his boarding-house and remained there until about 7.45, when he went out for a walk.

He said he entered the Baptist church, in Flushing, about 8.45, and remained there about ten minutes. From the church he went directly home and went to bed.

Hamilton will testify through a searching cross-examination by District Attorney Fleming.

WHERE IS MR. OSBORNE?

The Question Agitating His Brooklyn Supply Company Subscribers.

A good many Brooklynites are anxiously awaiting the return of Manager A. C. Osborne, of the Brooklyn Co-Operative Supply company, who has not been seen at the office of that concern, 15 Wiloughby street, Brooklyn, for more than a week.

The statement is made that several hundred people were persuaded that, by paying into this company \$25 in installments, there would be returned to them \$10 at the expiration of twenty-five weeks.

An examination of the books of the concern showed that there were many customers of this sort. One of them, Mr. Loring, of 187 Fulton street, said to a reporter this morning: "I went into for the experience of the thing to see how it worked, and I paid Osborne about \$12."

A lawyer, who is said to have an office in the Garfield building, drew the contract that Osborne's customers signed.

Charles Wolcott, who has acted as Osborne's clerk, says he thinks that the manager will arrange matters with the subscribers and get back. He does not know what that will be.

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Sun rises 4.40; Sun sets 7.51; Moon rises 10.12; High water 10.20; Low water 4.40.

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SILVER BEATEN.

Decisive Battle Brought on in the House To-Day.

Bland Speaks Desperately for the Free-Coinage Cause.

Catchings Yields Time Generally to Sarcastic Mr. Reed.

Special to the Evening World.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—1.40 P. M.—The free coinage men have been defeated in the House.

How the Fight Opened.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Half an hour before the House met this morning the attendance was larger than it has been for many days. There was much talk and consultation and signs of excitement. The leaders on each side were marshalling their forces and all was made ready for the big silver battle.

The silver men suddenly changed their programme this morning.

They resolved to force the fighting and make the engagement short, sharp and finally decisive of the silver question.

The clock indicated a minute past 12 when Mr. Catchings, of Mississippi, Speaker Crisp's lieutenant on the floor, reported from the committee on rules the resolution which all were expecting, to make the silver bill a special order for to-day and the next legislative day.

The Republicans had determined on their programme, and ex-Speaker Reed, as the representative of his party, was on his feet the instant the reading of the resolution had been concluded by the clerk.

Before Mr. Catchings could say a word Mr. Reed interjected a motion to lay the resolution on the table, but the speaker would not accede to the motion from Maine, ruling that Mr. Catchings had the floor and could not be taken from it. When the gentleman from Maine got the floor he made his motion.

He insisted on his right to make a motion in advance of one from Mr. Catchings, who was in control of the resolution, and disallowed the motion from Maine, ruling that Mr. Catchings had the floor and could not be taken from it. When the gentleman from Maine got the floor he made his motion.

One was his motion to lay on the table, which had precedence and would cut off all debate on the resolution to make the silver bill a special order, and the other was a motion for the previous question, under which an hour's debate would be allowed on the resolution.

Mr. Reed's motion was carried, and the silver bill was laid on the table.

Mr. Catchings yielded the floor to Chairman Bland, of the committee, for fifteen minutes.

Before Mr. Bland could speak Mr. Burrows, of Missouri, made the point that Mr. Catchings had not moved the consideration of the resolution. He insisted that all that Mr. Catchings had done was to report the resolution, and that therefore the report, like any other report, was subject to a vote.

Mr. Burrows was technically correct, but it was ruled that the understanding that the resolution was to be moved the previous question.

Mr. Bland was accordingly recognized. In accordance with the understanding, he offered an amendment to the resolution having for its object the opening of a debate by the amendment of the previous question, and declared that clause in the bill to be unconstitutional.

He said his object was to give the silver men a chance to speak, and he was sure that the House would support him.

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